MongoDB, Document Databases, and the changing Data Lanscape

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Trends



Why all this new stuff?

- New use cases with new "shapes" of data
 - Semi-structured, polymorphic, evolving structure, object-y structure

New software development methodologies

New hardware architectures have implications



Data model options these days

- Relational
 - Traditional
 - "NewSQL"
- Key-value
- Columnar / "BigTable style"
- Document (XML, JSON)
- Graph



"Dynamic Schema" notion is important

Especially given agile development methodologies

Dynamic vs static typing

int
$$x = "abc"$$
;

JSON has some nice properties for use in a database context

 Standards based, language independent way to store object style data

JSON has some nice properties for use in a database context

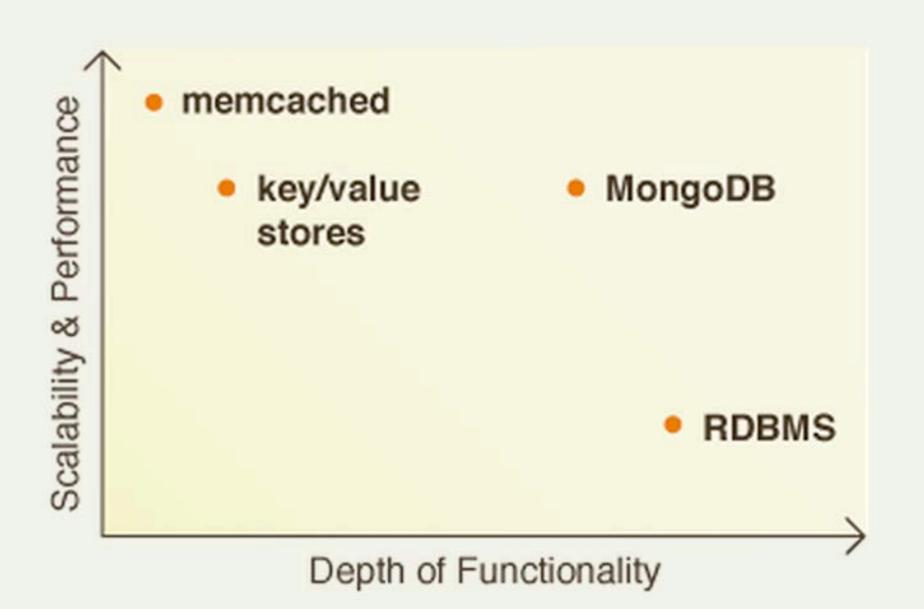
 Standards based, language independent way to store object style data

- BSON ("binary json")
 - www.bsonspec.org

MongoDB Philosophy / Approach

- Don't change things if they aren't broken
- We like JSON and documents as a data model basis
- Features are good, as long as you don't break horizontal scale-out





Example / Demo



Thank You

A&Q



Appendix things



Case Study



Single view of customer data (virtually impossible with RDBMS)

Why MongoDB	Results
 Document model allows easy integration of diverse data sources 	 Successful POC in 3 weeks; in production within 90 days
• Fast, easy scalability	 Single view of the customer (improved
Full query languageDelivers high scalability,	customer experience, improved sales)
fast performance, and easy maintenance, while	• 71% less expensive
	 easy integration of diverse data sources Fast, easy scalability Full query language Delivers high scalability, fast performance, and

